## TO PHYSICIANS

1. The attending physician must furnish a certificate to the Department of Health within 36 hours after death, and where death has resulted from infectious or contagious disease a certificate must be furnished by him forthwith (Sanitary Code, Sections 33 and 90).

2. All physicians practicing in The City of New York (including those in public institutions)

must be registered in the Bureau of Records (Sanitary Code, Section 218).

3. If a person dies from criminal violence or by a casualty or by suicide, or suddenly while in apparent health, or when unattended by a physician or in prison, or in any suspicious or unusual manner, it shall be the duty of any citizen who may become aware of the death of any such person to report such death forthwith to the office of the chief medical examiner, and to a police officer who shall forthwith notify the officer in charge of the station house in the police precinct in which such person died. Any person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to report such death or who without written order from a medical examiner shall wilfully touch, remove or disturb the body of any such person, or wilfully touch, remove, or disturb the clothing, or any article upon or near such body, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. (Inserted by Laws 1915, Chapter 284, Section 2. In effect January 1, 1918.)

4. Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following

diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death:

Hemorrhage, Meningitis, Phlebitis. Metritis. Pyaemia, Gangrene. Cellulitis. Miscarriage. Septicaemia. Childbirth, Gastritis. Convulsions. Erysipelas, Peritonitis. Tetanus.

(Any one of these may be the result of an injury, and thus be a subject for investigation by a Medical Examiner. If it is not, the certificate should make that fact plain.)

5. No certificate giving "Heart failure," "Dropsy," or other mere symptom as the sole cause of death will be accepted, unless accompanied by a satisfactory written explanation.

6. Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton Mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile Factory.

## TO UNDERTAKERS

1. No burial permit can be obtained without a proper certificate.

 Certificates must be written throughout in black ink.
No certificate will be accepted which is mutilated, illegible, inaccurate, or any portion of which has been erased, interlined, corrected or altered, as all such changes impair its value as a public record.

Continuo Continuo O	a, without any solicitation on my part of that of any
other person, as undertaker herein by Ana	arew J- Lewyo
84 Wolcott St. Bull	no who to the Bother desire
01.00	who is the Brother sole survivor gin of the deceased. This statement is made to obtain
and the nearest surviving relative or next of ki	
a permit for the buriar of cremation of the fem	(Signature) Walter & Cooke In.
released of our Courtervill	(Signature) Walle of the con.
	Business Address VO - TAN / Sklyn
Address - A sembla	1. 00 8 - 11/1/
	Permit Number (Undertaker's) 2008 Fira Voice

If another undertaker in your employ is to take personal charge of the work in the care, preparation or other disposition of such dead human body, give his name and State License number.